

A FAIR Data Platform to Support the Next Generation of Transdisciplinary Research at NCI

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Who the heck is Carina Wyborn?



@rini rants

- A social scientist with a background in human ecology.
- Her research focuses on: knowledge coproduction in climate adaptation and biodiversity conservation and the theory and practice of transdisciplinary, interdisciplinary and integrative research.

Conclusion: The social scientists are on top of a systematic differentiation between the terms multidisciplinary, interdisciplinary and trandisciplinary



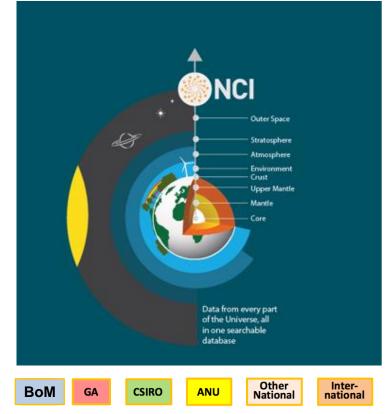


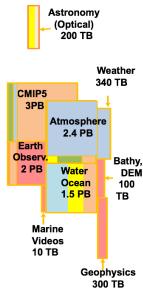
NCI manages 10+PB of reference data collections:

- Climate and Weather, Environmental, Earth Observation, Geophysical, Marine
- Genomics, Optical Astronomy and Social Sciences reference datasets.

Bringing together collections from a range of disciplines – particularly those that naturally interplay across domains.

Locating data within a high performance infrastructure

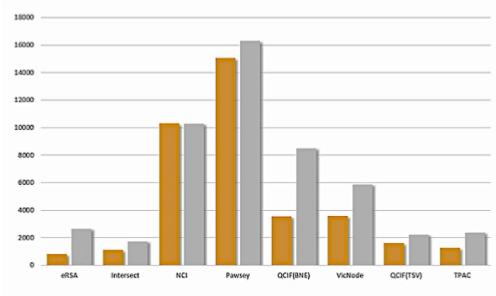






The Data Platform infrastructure was built as one of the 8 RDSI nodes





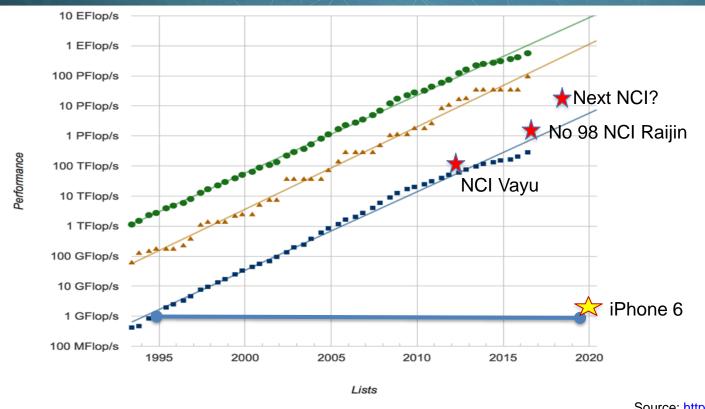
eRSA	Intersect	NCI	Pawsey	QCIF(BNE)	VicNode	QCIF(TSV)	TPAC
821	1132	10296	15036	3531	3575	1596	1267
2679	1765	10296	16322	8520	5884	2270	2405
						1	
		Primar	y Nodes			Additions	I Nodes







Goal No 2: Our data platform must scale to last the next 10 years



Projected
Performance for
Top 500 HPC

Source: http://www.top500.org/statistics/perfdevel/

#500



Goal 3: Our data must enable transdisciplinary research

The 'Disciplinary' Data Integration Spectrum: Where do You Sit?



Intradisciplinary

Working within a single discipline: little attention is paid to cross domain standards



Multidisciplinary

People from different discipline silos working together, but not integrating at the data level



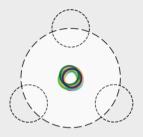
Cross-disciplinary

Data integrated by all disciplines reformatting or interfacing to agreed standards



Interdisciplinary

Data integrated from different disciplines by using brokers that cross walk between the different silos



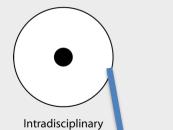
Transdisciplinary

Data is born connected across the discipline boundaries and beyond academia to address societal needs

Trans What?????



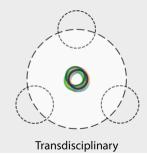












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Researchers work within a single discipline or data silo with all participants using the same standard and hence no reformatting or translation of data is required

Intradisciplinary



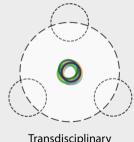












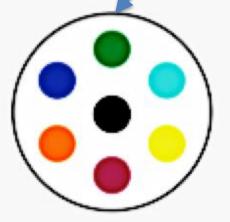
Intradisciplinary

Multidisciplinary

Cross-disciplinary

Interdisciplinary

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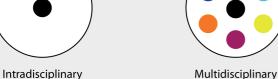
Multidisciplinary

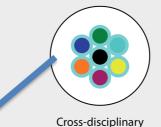
Researchers from different discipline silos work together and share knowledge and results, but are not actually integrating at the data level: outputs are combined at the research paper/report level



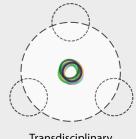




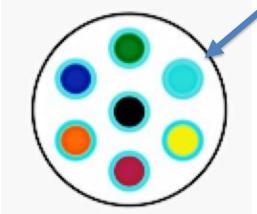








Interdisciplinary Transdisciplinary

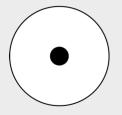


Cross-disciplinary

Researchers participating on a project to integrate data acros the groups decide to reformat their datasets to a single agreed suite of specific standards and formats



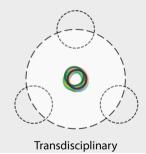












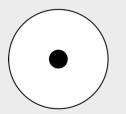
Intradisciplinary

Researchers from each domain integrate their data using customized brokers that cross walk between the different domain silos: the data of each participant remains unchanged in the back-end

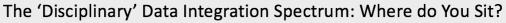
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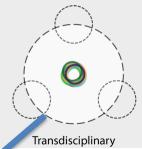
Intradisciplinary





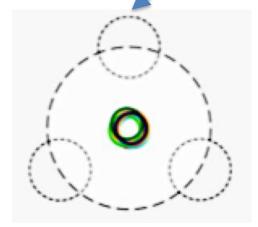






Interdisciplinary Cross-disciplinary

Data is **born connected** to international standards that enable online interaction across the discipline boundaries and beyond academia: researchers participate with stakeholders who can also contribute data



Transdisciplinary



Definitions by the social scientists:

 "A critical and self-reflective research approach that relates societal with scientific problems; it produces new knowledge by integrating different scientific and extra-scientific insights; its aim is to contribute to both societal and scientific progress"

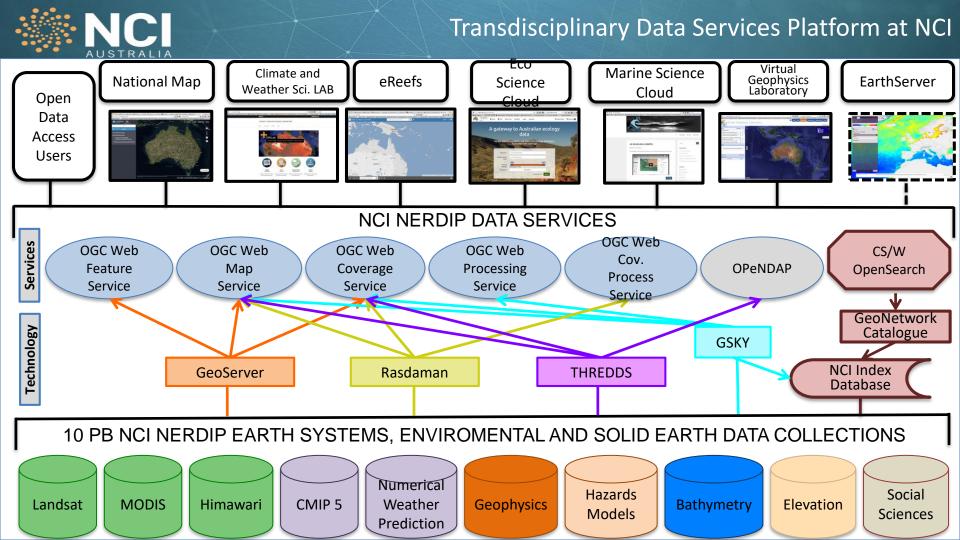
Jahn et al.,2012. Ecological Economics, 79,1-10.

"The rationale for trandisciplinarity is global challenges, which are complex"

Vanasupa et al., 2014. Sustainability, 6, 2893-2928

Definition by the informaticians

 Researchers across the science disciplines, the humanities, the social sciences and those beyond academia need to work together to create integrated data platforms that interoperate horizontally across discipline boundaries, and enable access to data by a diversity of users from high end researchers, to undergraduates and to the general public.

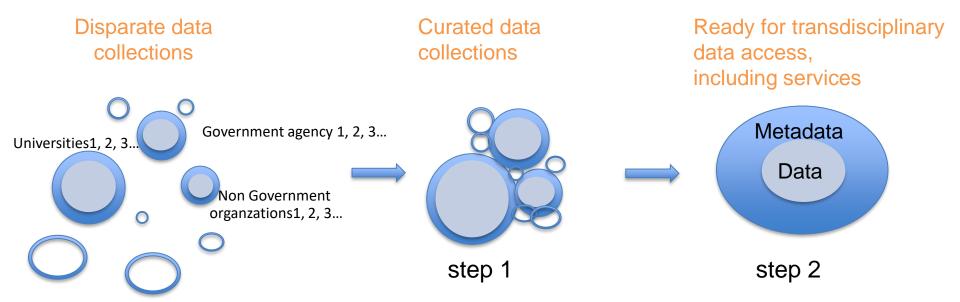














The DMP enables federated governance of the collection

Organisational
Steward of the Data
Collection



Mutually agreed plan on how the collection will be managed and published

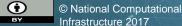


NCI Data Manager



Source: http://www.moneymarketing.co.uk/pictures/620xAny/9/1/3/2080913_Business-Handover-Finance-General-700.jpg

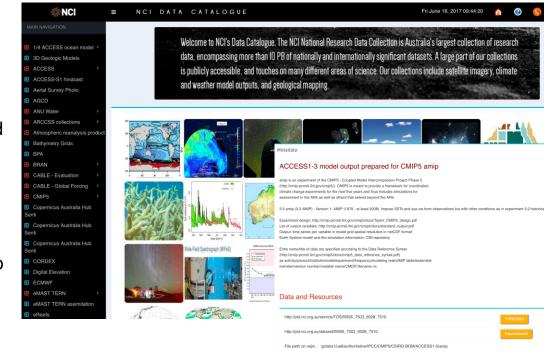






Findable:

- Datasets and catalogue entries are both human readable and machine harvestable
- Can cross-walk metadata with ISO 19115, RIF-CS and DCAT
- Findable Research Data Australia, NCI and custodians catalogues
- International discoverability hosting and federating with international collections (compliance with standards)
- Open access to discover the data: a small number of cases may require permission to access it



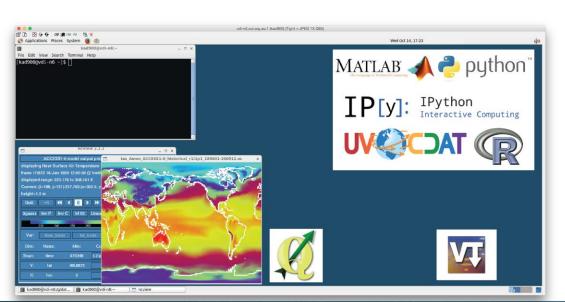
2017



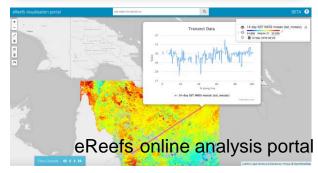


Collections can be accessed from a broad range of options

- Direct access on filesystem
- Web and data services
- Data portals
- Virtual labs (e.g., virtual desktops)

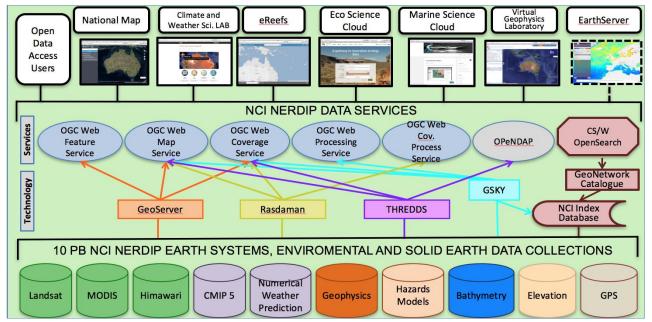








- 1) general research data access (data download for small file sizes),
- 2) advanced techniques and portals for multiple applications
 - e.g. Virtual labs, Portals, well-known desktop tools, programmatic access via network or in-situ





Aim for a transdisciplinary approach for a diverse range of users: leverage common approaches wherever possible



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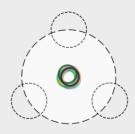
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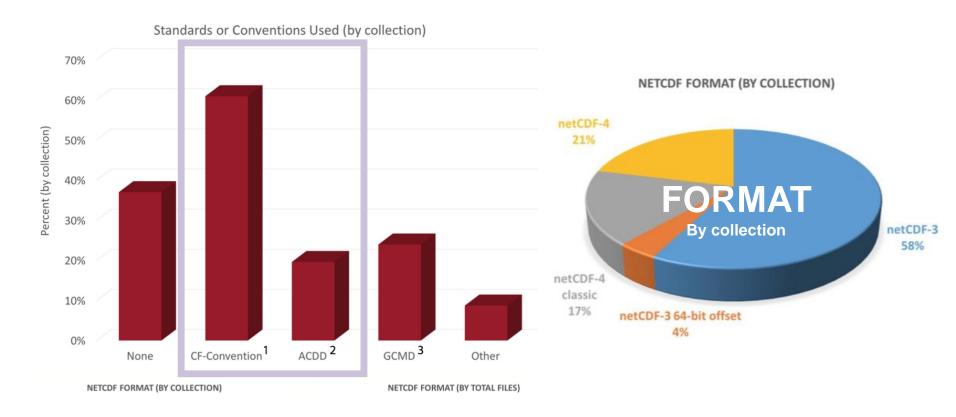
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Applying international data standards for interoperability

- Metadata standards at both data services (e.g. catalogues) and at the data level
- Controlled vocabularies for data
- Interchangeable self-describing formats for data (e.g., netCDF4/HDF5



Interoperable through QA/QC to ensure adherence to standards







NCI Quality Control: NetCDF Compliance Report

COLLECTION: [ENTER COLLECTION NAME]
LOCATION: [COLLECTION LOCATION]

Overall comments:

[Brief overall status/report]

Notes/Reminder(s):

The QC report and feedback does not address file performance. Performance tests will be completed separately and in some cases may require additional changes to the CF metadata.

For optimal display of Web Map Services, please consider providing NCI Data Services with an appropriate [min/max] colour scale range for geospatial gridded data content.

Compliance Scoring (report attached):

Total Files Checked	
Total Files Skipped	

	CF* v1.6	ACDD** v1.3	Completeness***
Required elements			
Additional Metadata	-	-	
File format(s) used	-		
Convention(s) used	-	-	

^{*} Climate and Forecast Metadata Convention

High-priority suggestions (for CF and ACDD compliance):

LIST

Medium-priority suggestions:

LIST

Low-priority suggestions:

JIST]

Ensuring datasets meet community standards

Summarised version on the compliance status.

The break down... compliance scores and also measure of consistency across the collection

Providing attack plan for improvements:

Make it easy for data managers to efficiently address and meet baseline

compliance

nci.org.au

^{**} Attribute Convention for Data Discovery

^{***} Indicators of consistency across the collection or subcollection

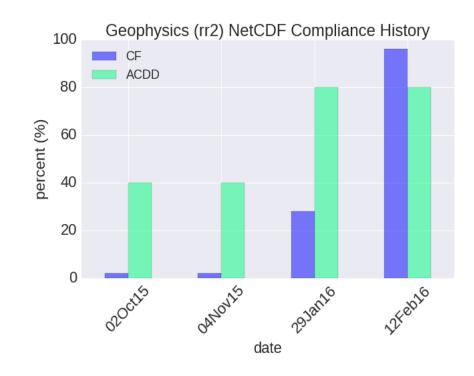


NCI Quality Strategy also ensures Reusability

Data Quality Strategy In Action

 Progressive improvement in the quality of the data across the different subject domains

 Improves the ease by which users can access, utilise and combine the datasets from across NCI's holdings

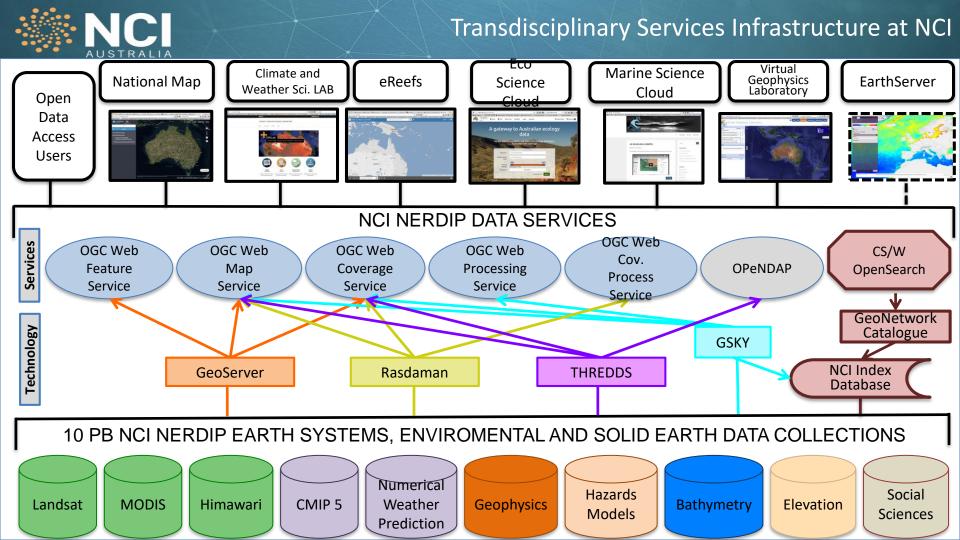




Reusable across different domains and applications

Program/Service	Test	File 1	File 2	File 3	Comments				
NetCDF Utilities	ncdump (v4.3.3.1) Read netCDF file contents.	*	*	*					
	NCO (v4.5.3) Read netCDF file contents.	*	~	*					
GDAL Utilities (v1.11.1)	gdalinfo-1 Read netCDF file contents.	*	~	*					
	gdalinfo-2 Read netCDF CRS information.	•	*	*					
Data Viewers	ncview (v2.1.1) Visually inspect netCDF contents.		Python (2. NetCDF A		netCDF4-python (v1.2.2) Read/extract netCDF file contents	•	~	~	
	Panoply (v4.5.1) Read and plot netCDF file contents.	4s			Gdal-python (1.11.1) Read/extract netCDF file contents.	N/A	N/A	N/A	
THREDDS Data	File download				h5py (v2.5.0) Read/extract netCDF file contents.	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Server (v4.6)	OPeNDAP (access and subsetting) Read/extract netCDF file contents.		MATLAB		R2012b Read/extract netCDF file contents.	~	~	~	
	Netcdf Subset Service (NCSS) Request subset of netCDF				R2015b Read/extract netCDF file contents.	~	~	1	
	contents using spatial/temporal query. Godiva WMS Viewer View netCDF file contents.				R2016a Read/extract netCDF file contents.	~	4	*	
	WMS GetMap (v1.1.1) Request netCDF file using WMS.		R (v3.1.0)		ncdf4 (v1.15) Read/extract netCDF file contents.	~	~	1	
	WCS GetCoverage (v1.0.0) Request netCDF file using WCS.		QGIS (v2.2.0 Val	lmiera)	Add data from netCDF as raster layer	N/A	N/A	N/A	
					Add data as WMS layer (served by THREDDS)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
			Visualisat	ion Tools	ParaView** (v5.0.1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	







The NCI Earth Systems & Environmental Community Data Ecosystem

Portal: <u>CWSLab</u>

<u>eReefs</u>

BCCVL

Marine Cloud

EcoCloud

Earth Server

Nat. Map

Individuals















Open
Data
Access
Users

Host:

NCI/BoM

Climate and weather data served through NCI. CSIRO

eReefs model data served through NCI.

QCIF

Climate model data served through NCI.

IMOS

IMOS and TERN-AusCover Satellite images data served through NCI.

TERN

eMAST TERN data served through NCI.

NCI (EU H2020)

Copernicus data served through NCI.

EO data

Data 61

through <u>NCI</u>.

Services Provided at NCI

Environmental datasets stored and served out of NCI's data services

http://dapds00.nci.org.au, http://gsky.nci.org.au, http://geoserver.nci.org.au, http://esgf.nci.org.au/, http://rasdaman.nci.org.au/

Data Stored at NCI from Multiple Providers:

CSIRO /g/data/fx2 CSIRO /g/data/u39 eMAST TERN /g/data/rr9 ESGF /g/data/rr3 NWP /g/data/rr4





The Australian Geophysics Community Data Services Ecosystem

Portal:

VGL

AuScope

GA Catalogue

AusGIN

ANVGL

Nat Map













Open Data Access Users

Host Agency:

CSIRO

CSIRO

GA

GA

GA

National Coverages

from NCI.

Data 61

National Coverages and Airborne Geophysics TDS services from NCI; WMS from GA. For some files, WCS and WMS from NCI dap-wms server.

ASTER files from NCI dap-wms server. GSWA Gravity. Mag & Radiometric Grid from NCI

National Coverages and Airborne Geophysics TDS services from NCI: WMS from GA. For some files. WCS and WMS from NCI dap-wms server.

ASTER files from NCI dapwms serverl. National Coverages from GA.

Geophysics data served through NCI.

Services Provided by NCI

Geophysics datasets stored and served out of NCI's data services http://dapds00.nci.org.au or http://dap-wms.nci.org.au

Data Provider:

GA /g/data/rr2

GSWA /g/data/rl1

GA /g/data/wx7



