

# Research Data Governance Functions of NII Research Data Cloud

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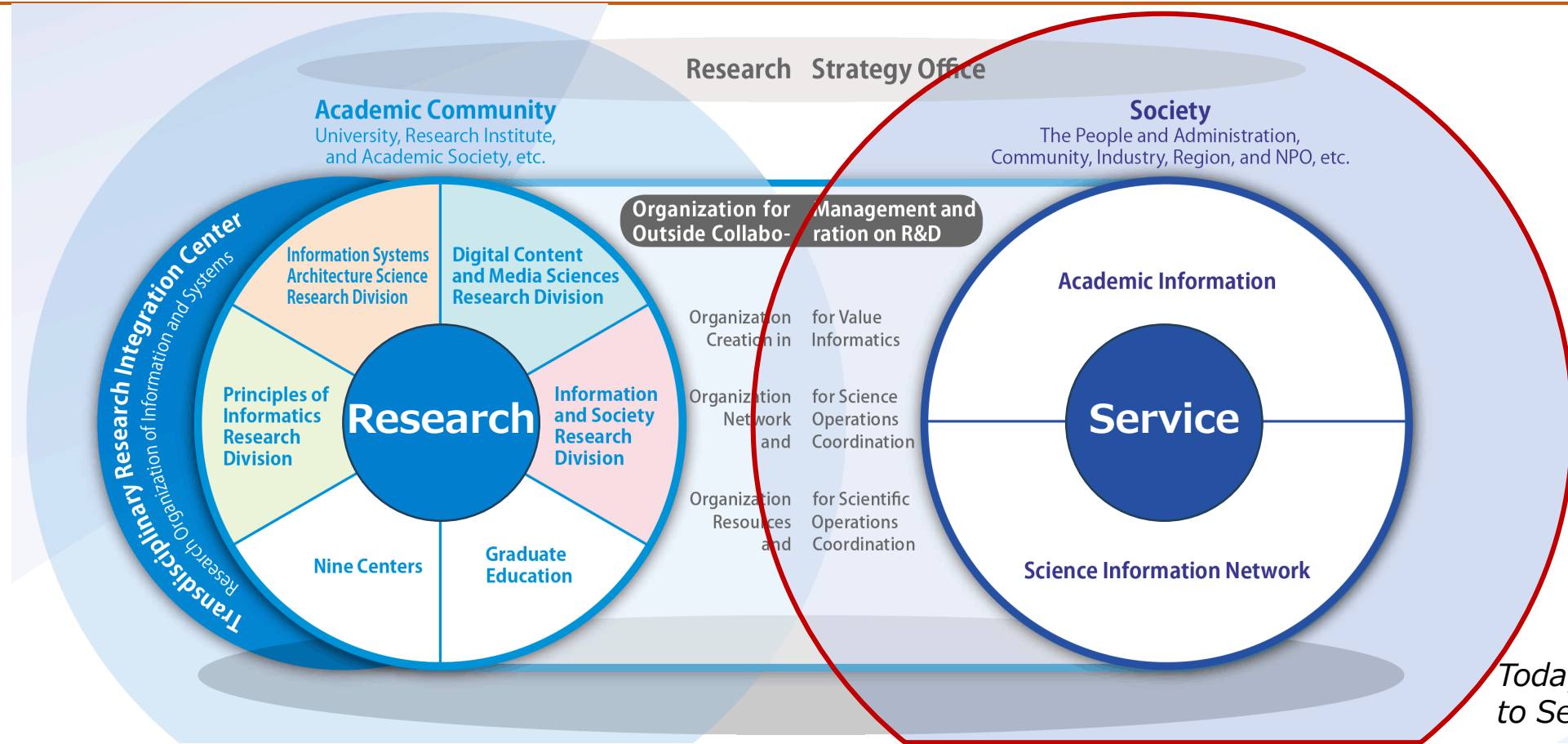
National Institute of Informatics, Japan

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# About National Institute of Informatics (NII)



*Today's talk is related to Service Div.*

## Research Divisions:

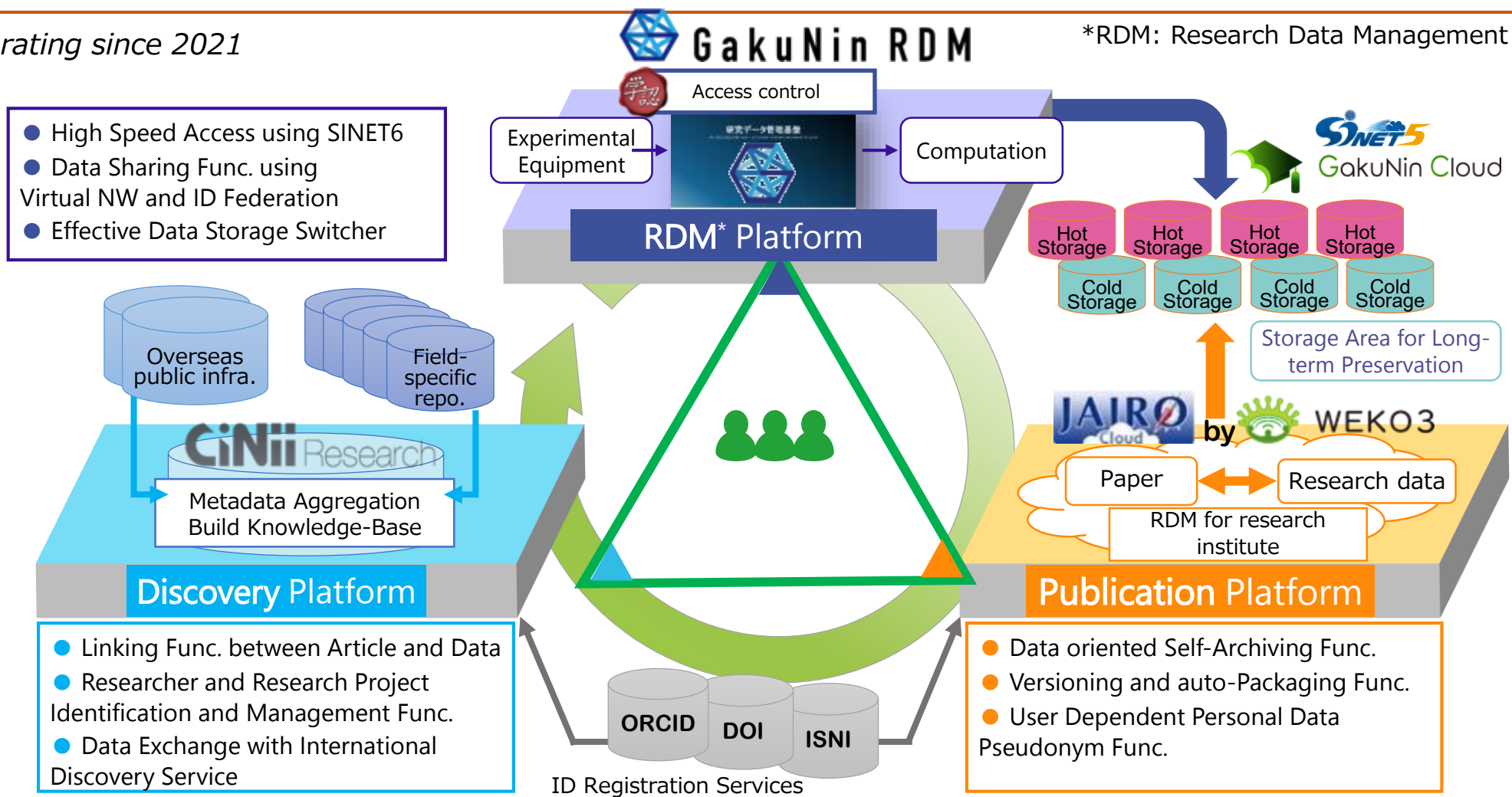
Seek to advance integrated research and development activities in information-related fields, including networking, software, and content.

## Service Divisions:

Promote the creation of a state-of-the-art academic-information infrastructure, and support researchers and institutions.

# NII Research Data Cloud (NII RDC)

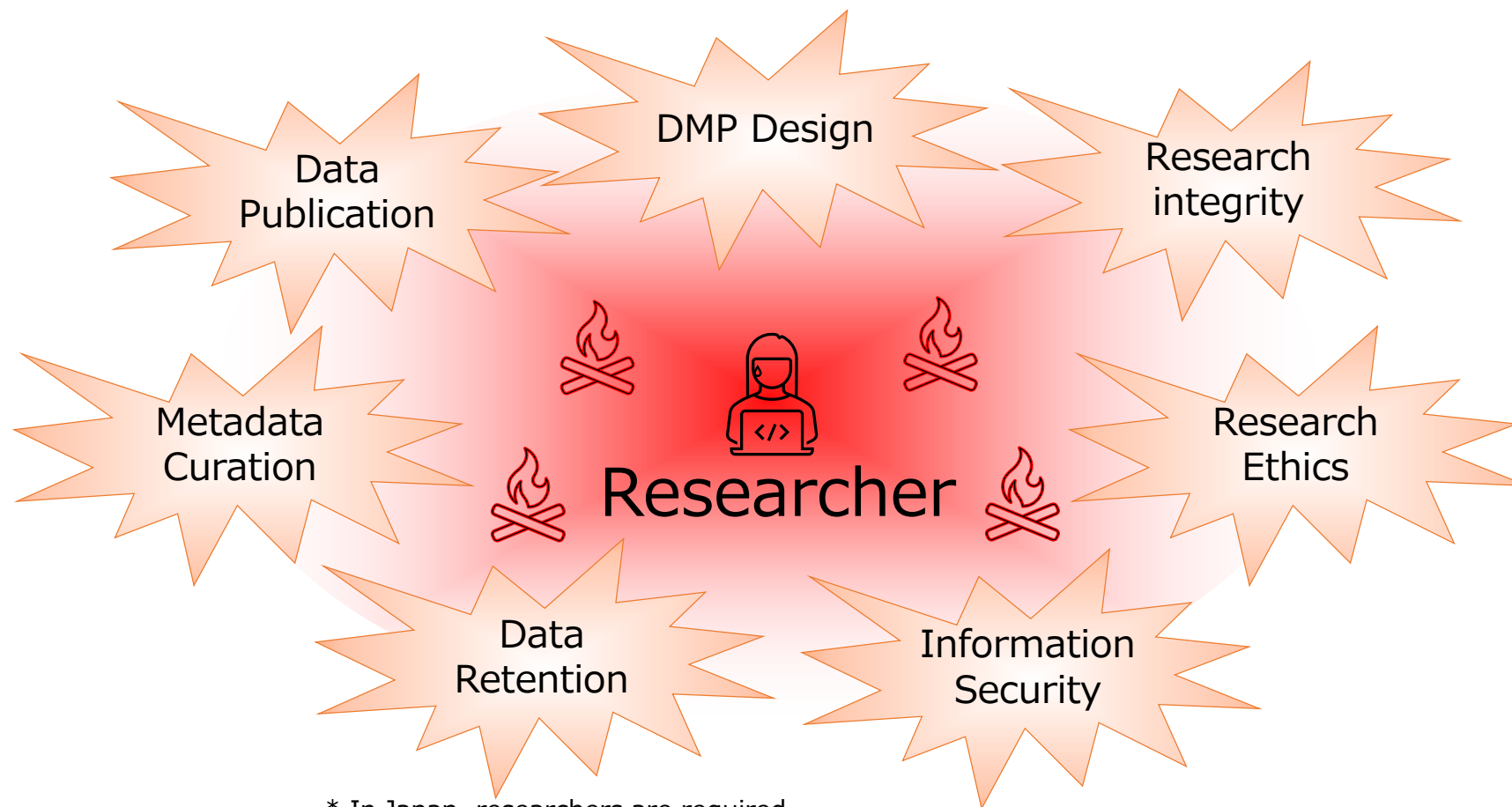
Operating since 2021



**Mission: support researchers and institutions to carry out research activities and data management with research integrity and toward open science.**

# Increasing workload for researchers

**So much extra work to do**



\* In Japan, researchers are required to retain data for 10 years.

# Seven new features of NII Research Data Cloud - shifting researchers' duties into motivation -

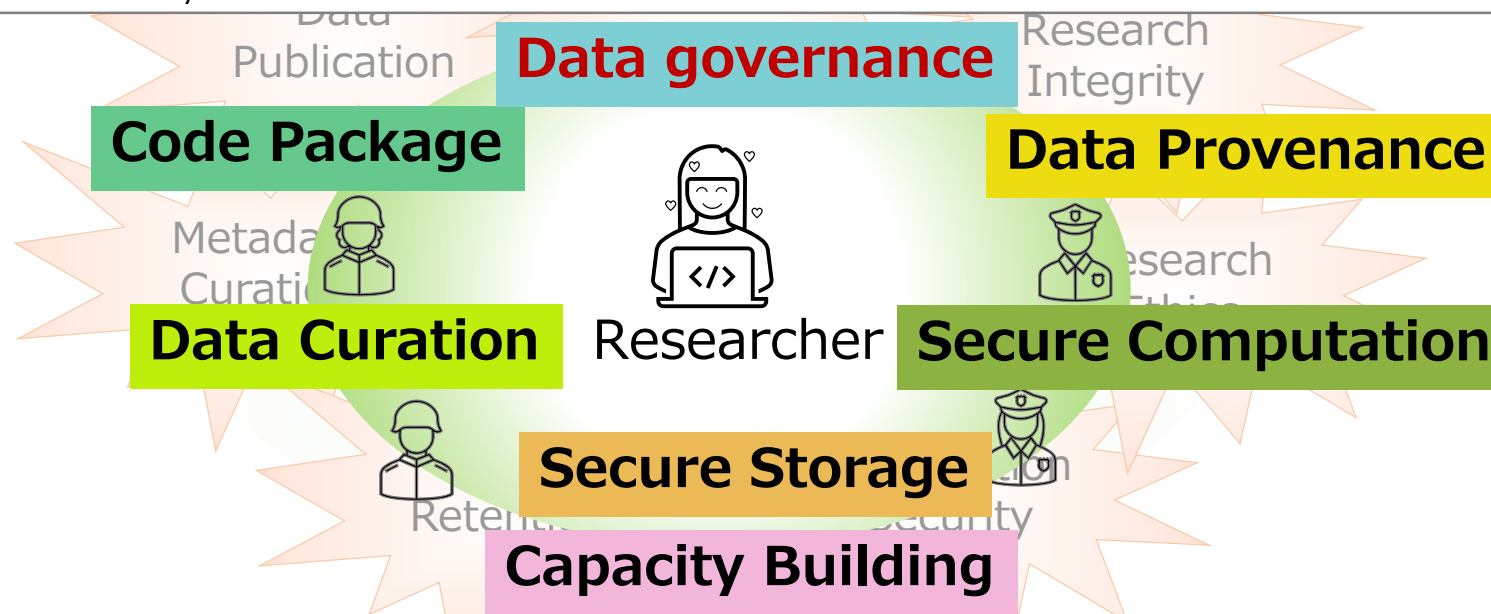
## Responsibilities of institution

- 4-1 Establishing a data policy
- 4-2 Appending metadata
- 4-3 Establishing human resources and support systems
- 4-4 Ensuring security

## Responsibilities of researcher

- 6-1 Determining data to be managed
- 6-2 Appending Metadata
- 6-3 Designing a DMP
- 6-4 Retaining research data
- 6-5 Publishing and sharing research data
- 6-6 Post-project handling

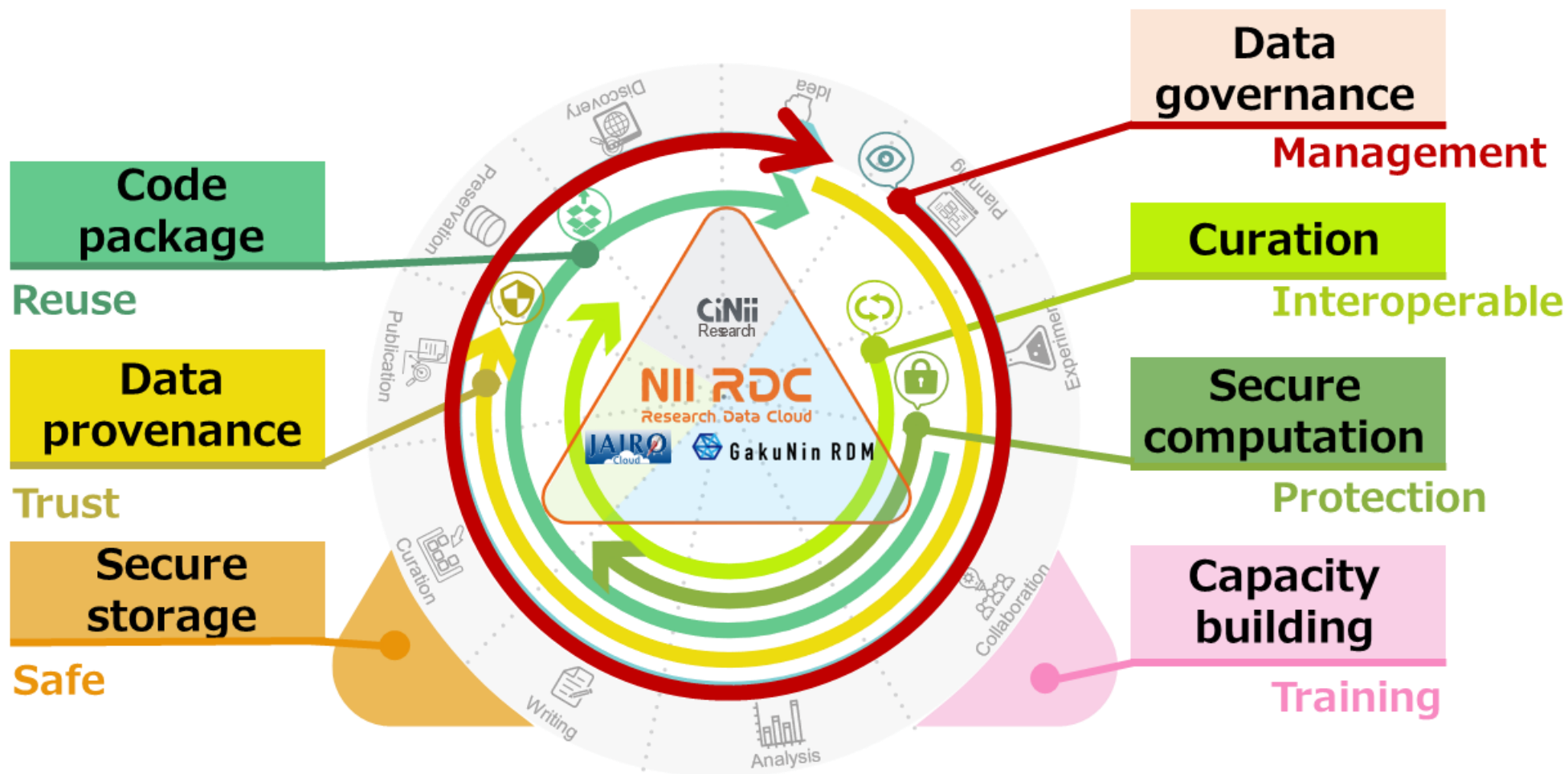
These items have been extracted from the Cabinet Office's "Basic Approach to the Management and Use of Publicly Funded Research Data".



Digital transformation is essential for researchers to turn 'extra work' into 'a part of their research.'

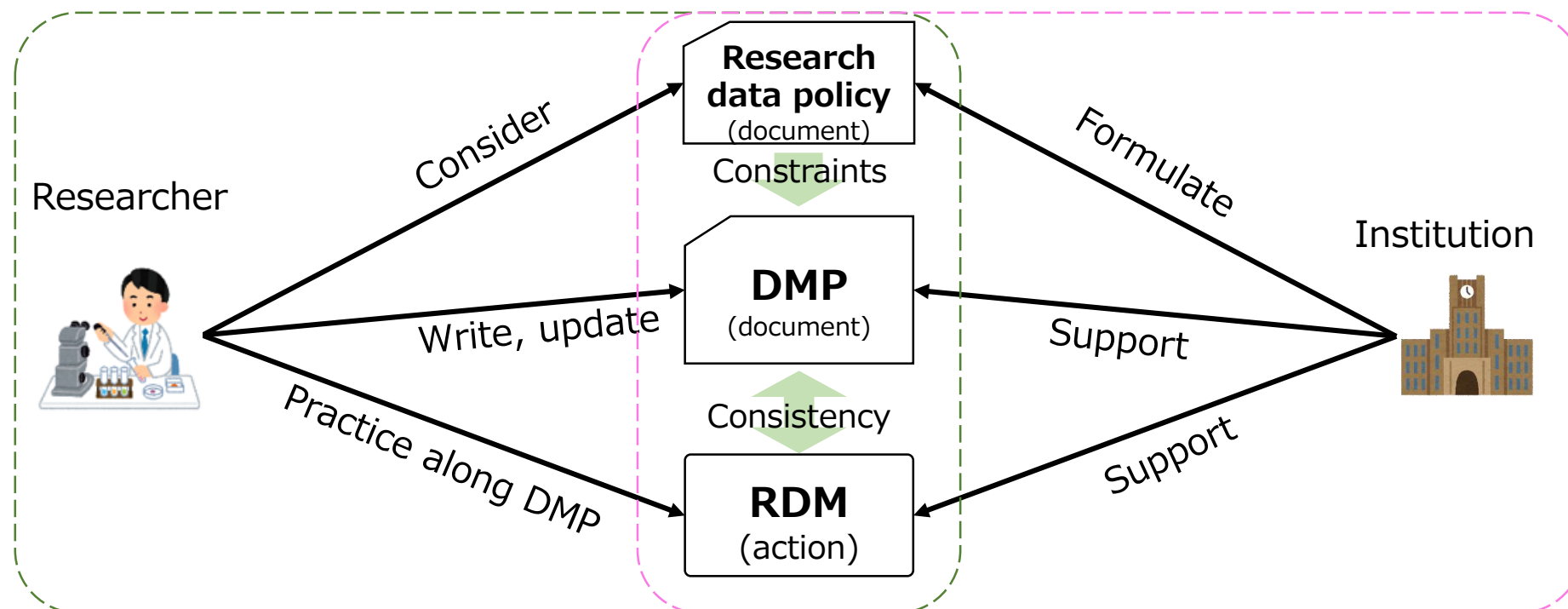
# The role of data governance functions

Data governance (DG) functions support both researchers and institution staff to improve the quality of RDM.



# Our research data governance (RDG) model

Definition of research data governance (RDG) in this talk:  
Disciplined behavior/actions to improve the quality of RDM.



As a researcher:

- Consider the research data policy (RDP).
- Practice RDM along her/his DMP.
- Utilize the environment for RDM.
- Check the state of RDM along the DMP

As an institution:

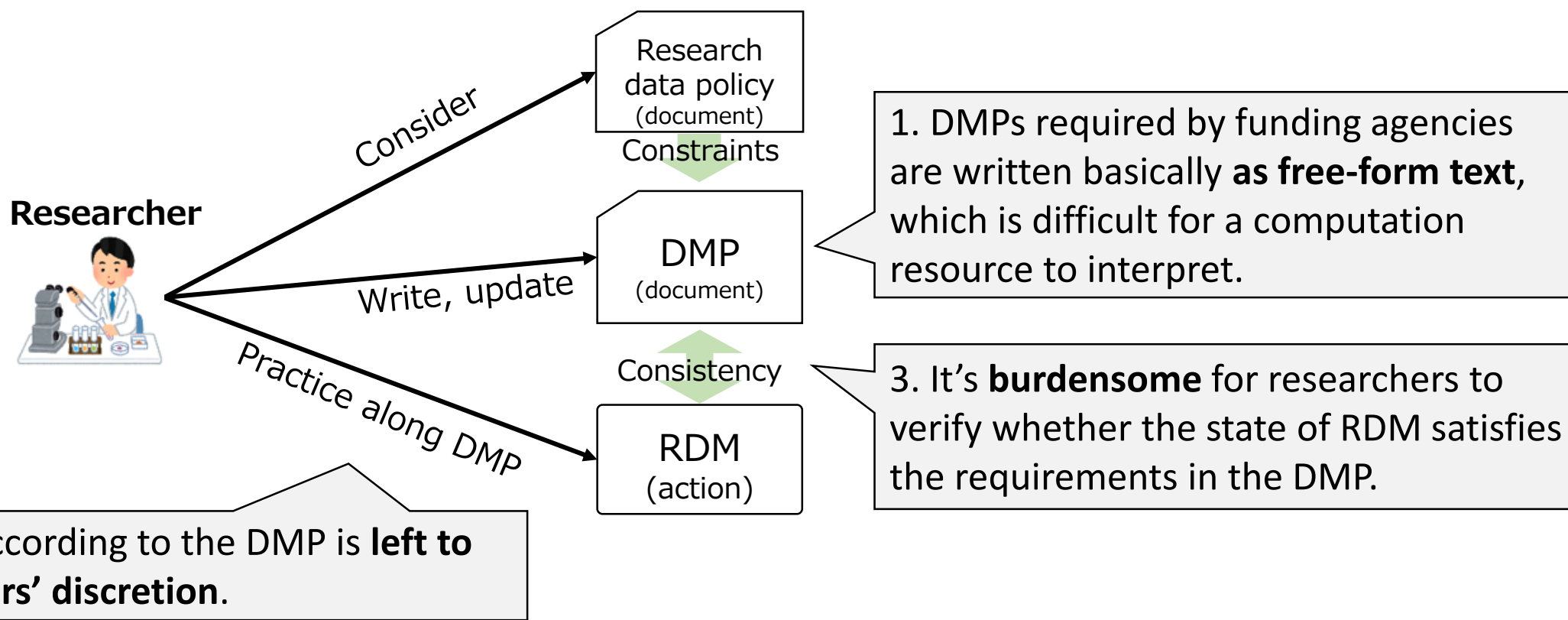
- Formulate and maintain its RDP.
- Practice DG along its RDP.
- Support its researchers to practice RDM.
- Check the state of DMP along its RDP.



# Challenges in support of DG as a researcher

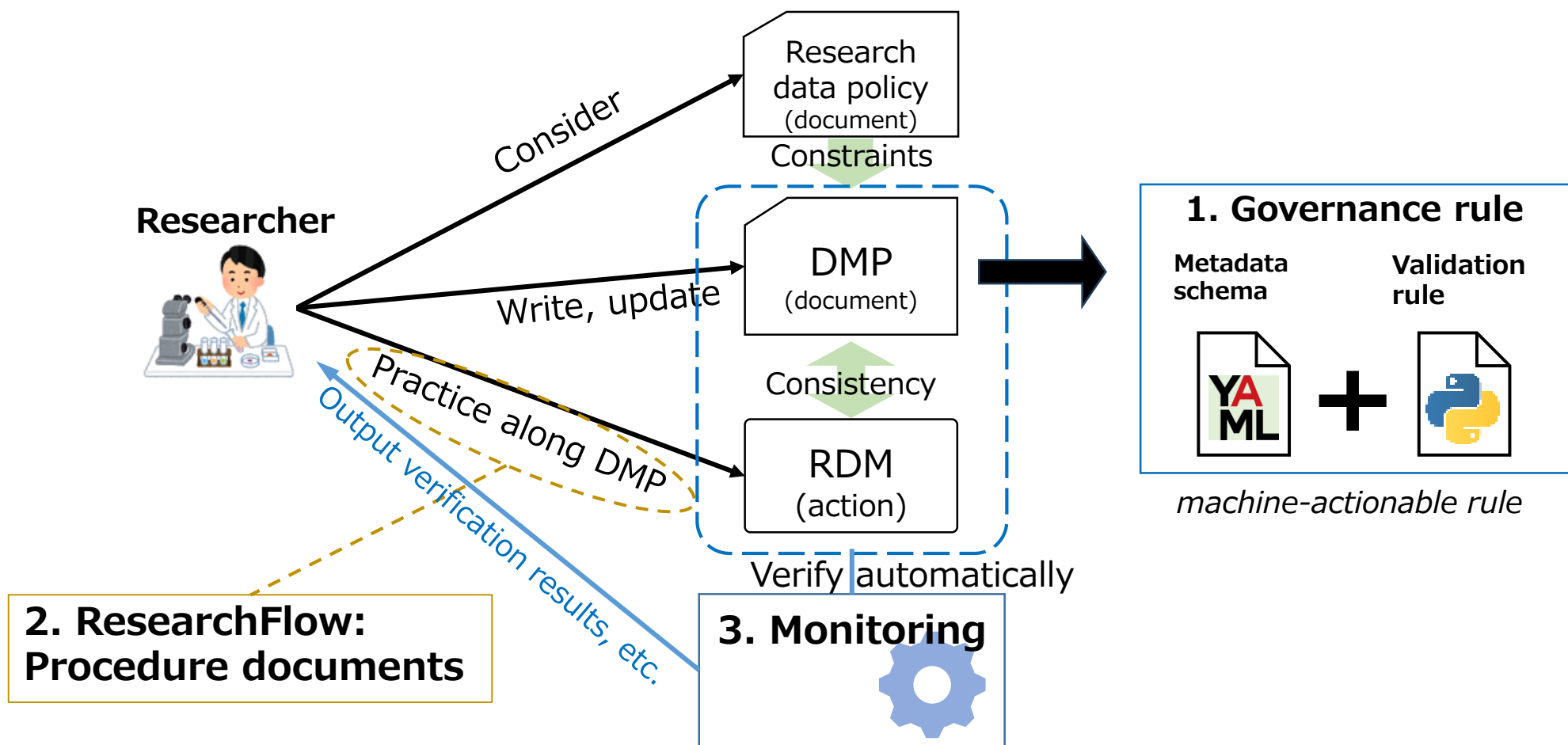
The first purpose of our DG functions is to support researchers to carry out RDM along their requirements described in their DMPs.

We focus on three challenging points in terms of automatic support.



# Our first solution

DG as a researcher



# Governance rule

## Machine-actionable format of RDM requirements expressed by researchers, etc.



- In terms of verification:
- criteria on the state of RDM.
- In terms of RDM procedures:
- requirements to the env (e.g., what they want to use).

Conversion



### Governance rule

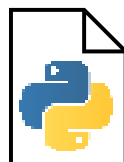
#### Metadata schema:

Define schema of a (research data) entity



#### Validation rule(s):

Define a class including constraints on the metadata of the corresponding (research data) entity



```
File:
  description: A file included in the research project, such as a text file, script file, or images.
  props:
    "@id":
      expected_type: str
      example: config/setting.txt
      required: Required.
      description: MUST be either a URI Path relative to the RO-Crate root directory or an absolute URI
    name:
      expected_type: str
      example: setting.txt
      required: Required.
      description: Denotes the file name.
  contentSize:
    expected_type: str
    example: 1560B
    required: Required.
    description: MUST be an integer representing the file size, suffixed with `B` for bytes. Other uni
```

Examples

```
class File(DataEntity):
    def __init__(
        self,
        id_: str,
        props: Dict[str, Any] = {},
        schema_name: str = SCHEMA_NAME,
        entity_def: EntityDef = SCHEMA_DEF["File"],
    ):
        super().__init__(id_, props, schema_name, entity_def)

    def validate(self, crate: "ROcrate") -> None:
        super().validate(crate)

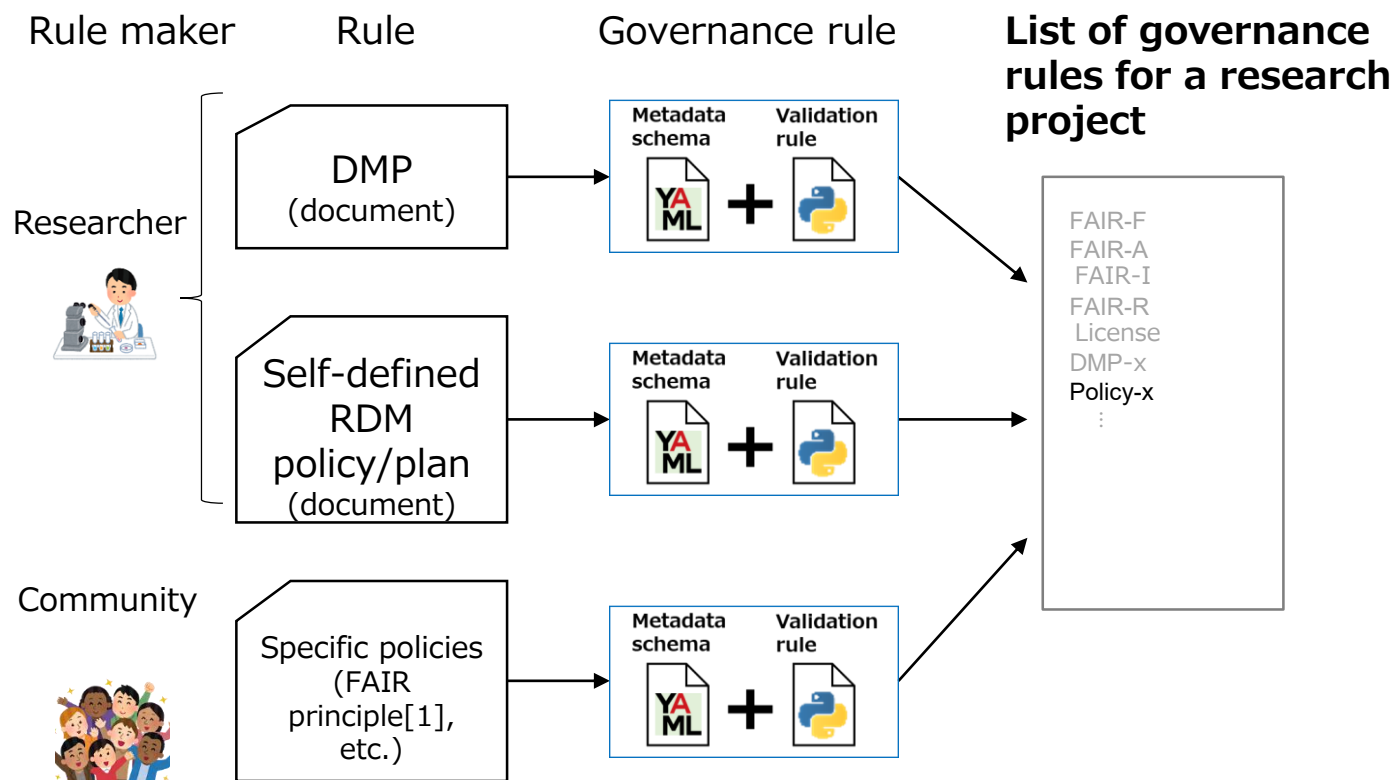
        error = EntityError(self)

        if is_url(self.id):
            if "sdDataPublished" not in self:
                error.add(
                    "sdDataPublished",
                    "The property `sdDataPublished` is required when the id is a URL.",
                )
```

Quoted from [https://github.com/NII-DG/nii-dg/nii\\_dg/schema/base.yml](https://github.com/NII-DG/nii-dg/nii_dg/schema/base.yml) and base.py

# Extension of governance rules

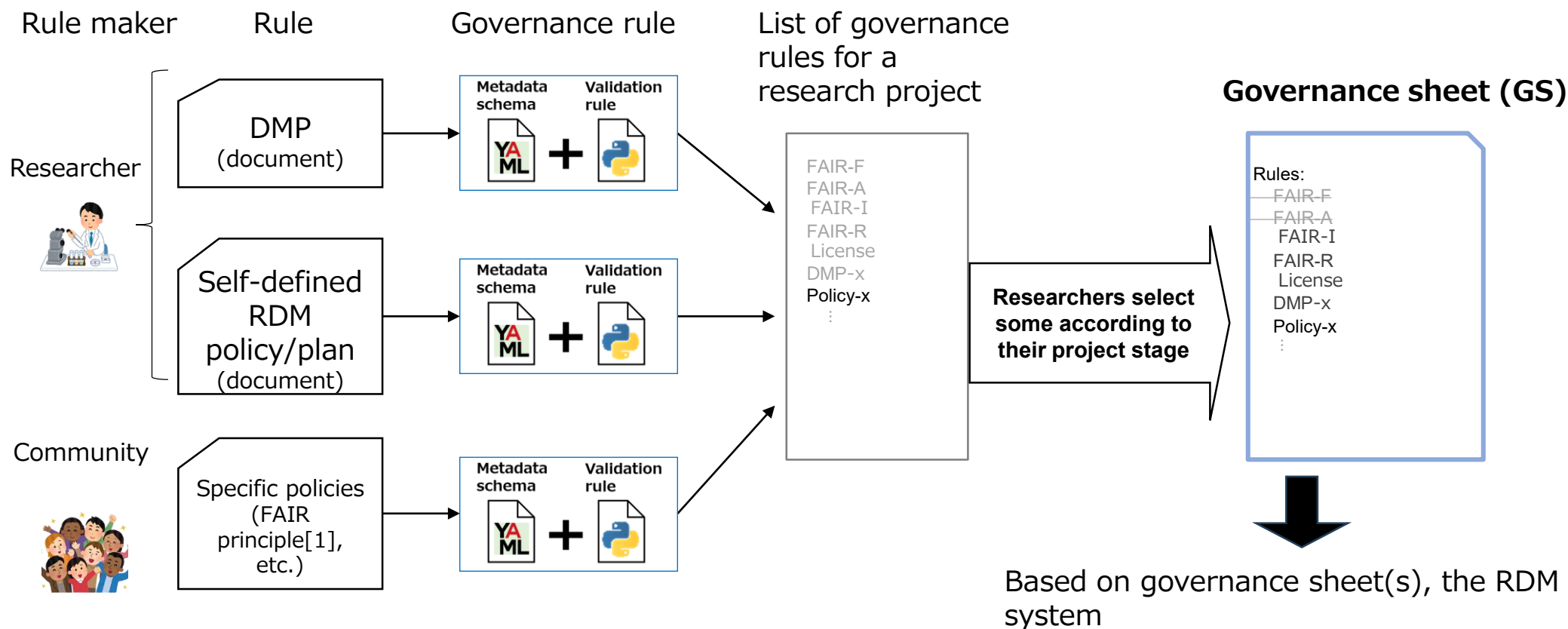
Extensible so that researchers can set requirements specific to each project.



[1] <https://force11.org/info/the-fair-data-principles/>

# Governance sheet

## A list of governance rules selected for a research project

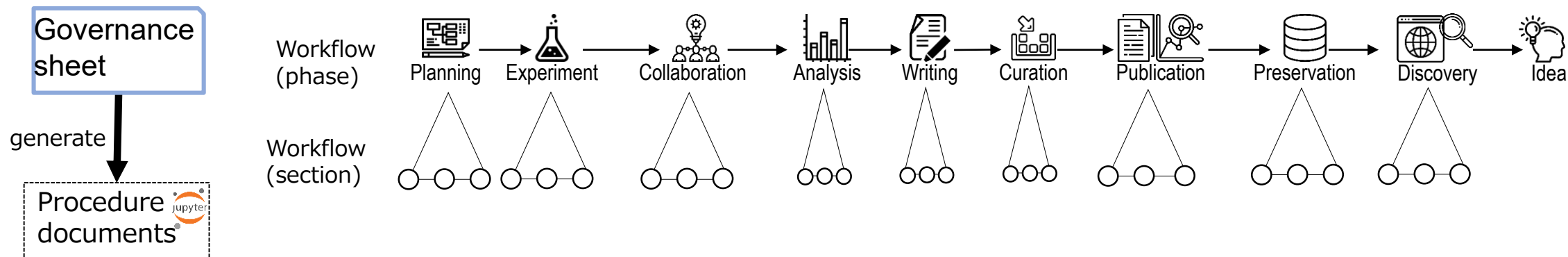


- generates procedure documents for RDM (ResearchFlows),
- verifies the state of RDM (monitoring).

[1] <https://force11.org/info/the-fair-data-principles/>

# ResearchFlow

## Actionable procedure documents based on a governance sheet



Example (in Japanese)

研究フロートップページ

研究プロセスでまじる研究者のタスクを半自動的に実行支援します。リサーチフロー機能では、研究プロセスを研究準備、実験期、実験終了後というフェーズに大別し、それぞれのフェーズの特徴に沿ったタスクの実行支援を提供しています。また、個々のタスクの実行支援は、Jupyter Notebook形式で構造的に実行可能な手順書として記述されているため、柔軟に手順を修正いただけます。

リサーチフロー機能の使い方

「0.リサーチフロー機能の実行準備」を最初に行ったら、研究準備フェーズから実験フェーズ、実験終了後フェーズの順に必要なタスクの実行支援を実行してください。初期セットアップを完了した後は、お好きなタイミングでリサーチフロー機能を中断可能です。再度研究フローを利用する際は、GIN-fork上で研究リポジトリのREADME.mdにあるリンクをクリックしてください。また、全てのタスクを実行する必要はありません。「フェーズの概要」を確認後、「フロー図を作成する」のセルを実行してフロー図を作成してください。

フェーズの概要

0. リサーチフロー機能の実行準備

この研究でリサーチフロー機能を初めて利用する場合は、次のフェーズに進む前に必ず行う必要があります。フロー図の作成後、「初期セットアップを行う」のリンクをクリックして、初期セットアップを実行してください。

この文字をクリックしてくださいリンクになっています

初期セットアップを行う

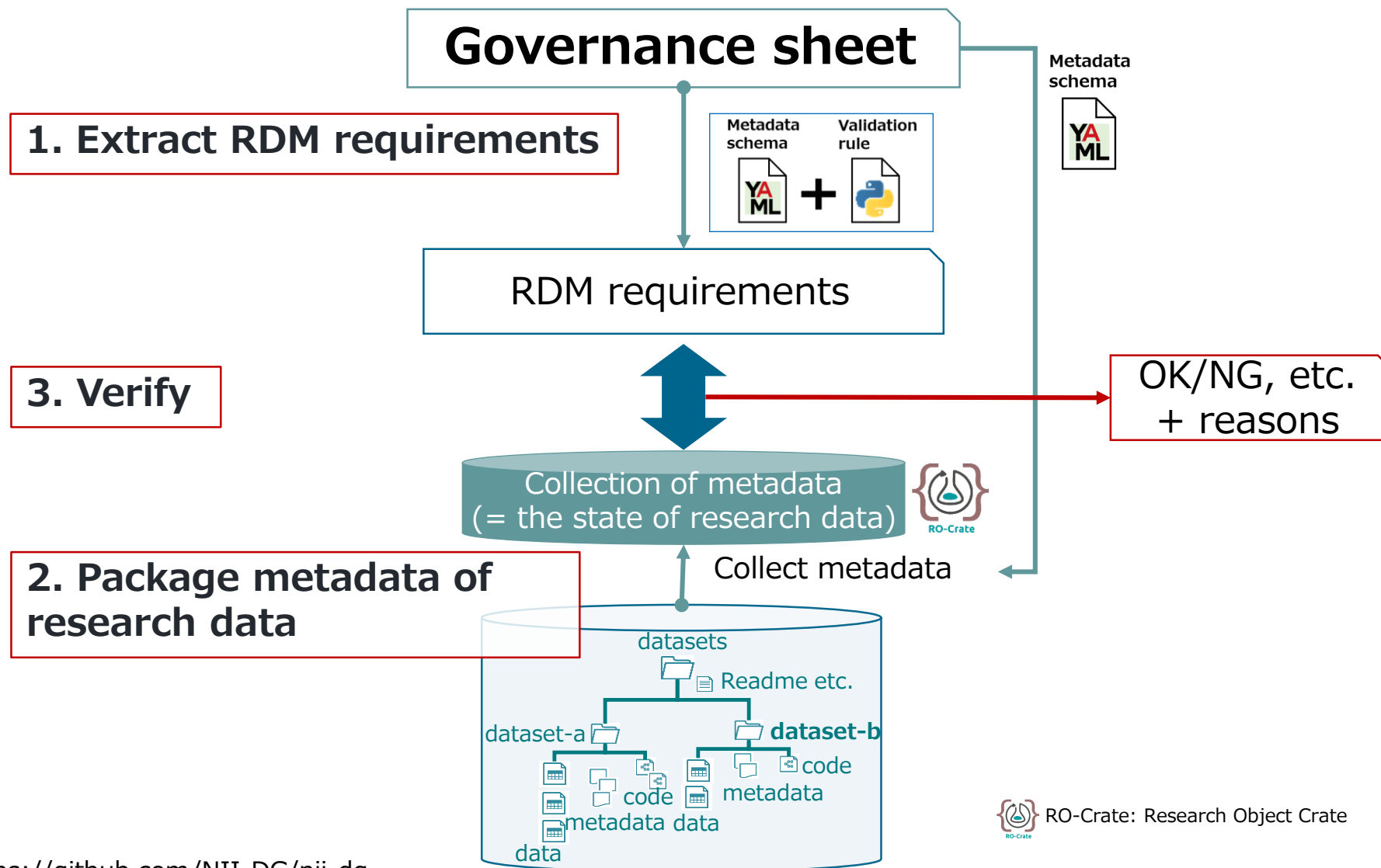
1. ユーザーの認証を行う
2. データ同期のための設定をする
3. リポジトリ内のファイルを更新する
4. 実行結果をデータカバレッジ機能に同期する
5. ワークフロー図を更新する
6. ワークフロー機能トップページに遷移する

ResearchFlows can be

- modified/extended by researchers so that they pave “their own RDM way”.
- used like electronic laboratory notebooks.

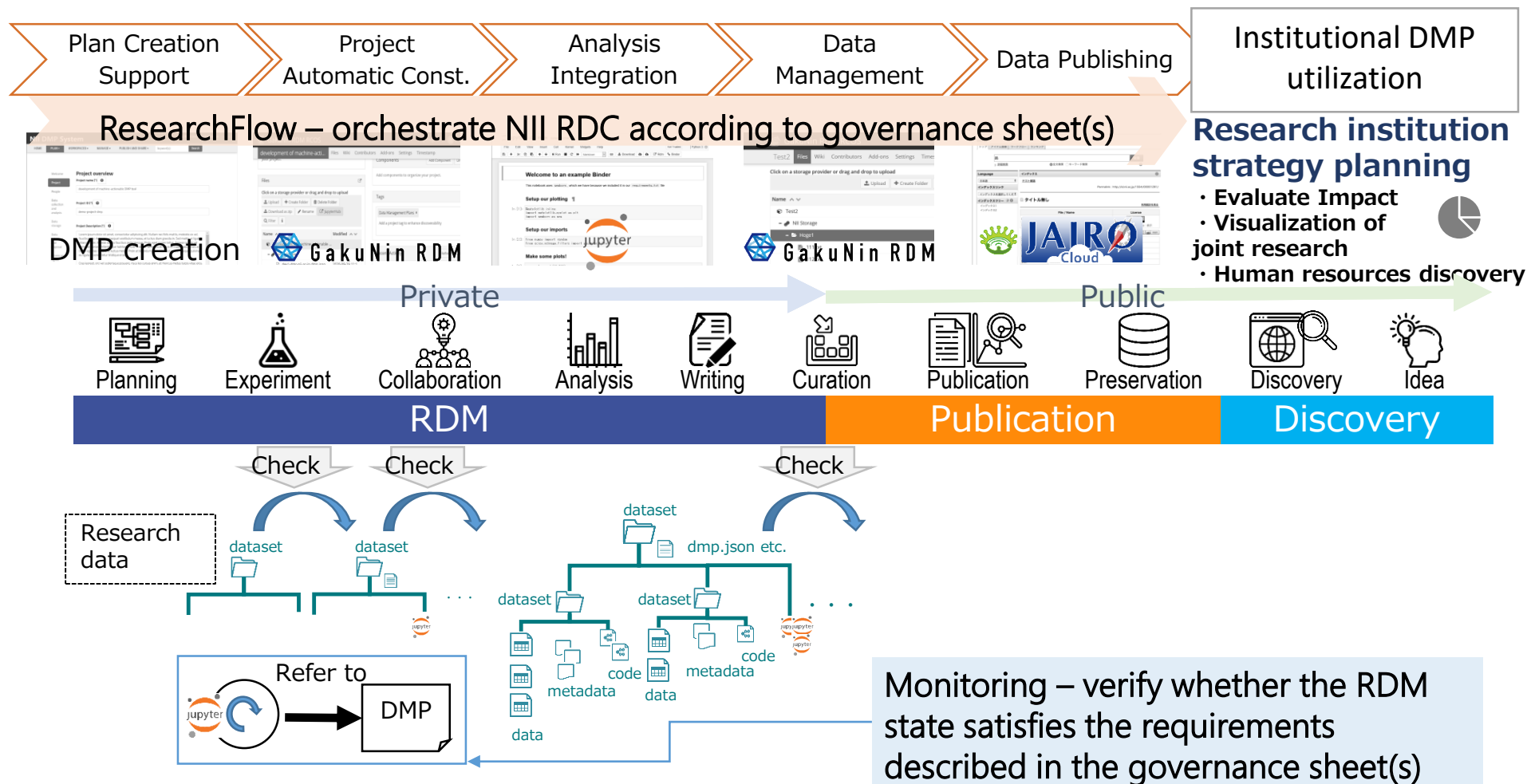
# Monitoring

Verify whether the RDM state satisfies the requirements described in the Governance sheet



# Our vision of the data governance functions

## Automation of data management process based on governance sheets





# Summary

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- Research data management (RDM) has become more and more important in terms of the emphasis on scientific integrity and open science.
- We have been developing data governance functions to support researchers in carrying out RDM in their own way.
  - Governance rule & sheet: express RDM requirements in a machine-actionable format.
  - ResearchFlow: arrange the RDM procedure and a suitable RDM environment based on governance sheet(s).
  - Monitoring: verify whether the state of RDM satisfies the RDM requirements described in governance sheet(s).